

## COMPLEX FRACTIONS

A complex fraction is \_\_\_\_\_

↳ example 1:

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}}{\frac{5}{6}}$$

we can multiply the top  
and bottom by the LCD  
LCD = \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} ( )}{\frac{5}{6} ( )} =$$

Another method:

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}}{\frac{5}{6}} = \frac{3}{4} \div \frac{5}{6} =$$

=

But this latter method ONLY works  
when you have \_\_\_\_\_

↳

EXAMPLE 2:

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4}$$

LCD = \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4}}{\frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{2}} = \frac{12\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) + 12\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}{12\left(\frac{5}{6}\right) - 12\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{4(2) + 3(3)}{2(5) - 6(3)}$$

$$= \frac{8 + 9}{10 - 18}$$

$$= \frac{17}{-8}$$

$$= -\frac{17}{8}$$

Note: Remember,  $\frac{17}{-8} = \frac{-17}{8} = -\frac{17}{8}$

We prefer to write  $-\frac{17}{8}$  as  
our final answer.

↪ example 3:

$$a) \frac{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}}$$

LCD =

$$b) \frac{1 + \frac{3}{4}}{1 - \frac{3}{4}}$$

LCD =

↳ example 4:

$$2 - \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4}$$

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$$\frac{1}{2} - 3 + \frac{5}{6}$$

## COMPLEX FRACTIONS Practice Problems

Evaluate:

1.

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{1}{4}}$$

2.

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}}{\frac{4}{3} + \frac{1}{6}}$$

3.

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} + 2 - \frac{1}{6}}{\frac{2}{9} + \frac{5}{6} - 1}$$