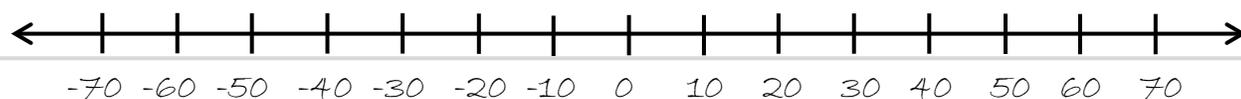


# Rounding Numbers

## Objective 1

Understand Rounding Numbers using a Number Line

Consider the number line below. Explain what it means to round to the nearest 10?



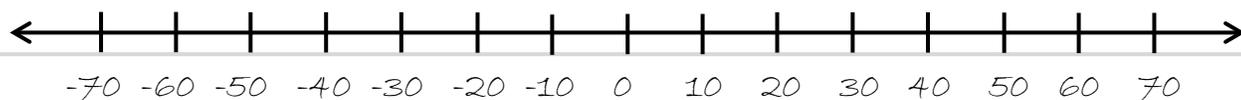
**Example 1:** Use the number line above to round 34 to the nearest 10.

The number 34 is between \_\_\_ and \_\_\_ on the number line. Since 34 is closer to \_\_\_ than to \_\_\_, 34 rounded to the nearest 10 is \_\_\_.

**Note:** In the cases where the number falls in the middle, we round up to the nearest 10!

Answer the following homework questions.

In Exercises 1 - 9, use the number line to round the given number to the nearest 10.



1) 59

4) -26

7) -4

2) 44

5) -5

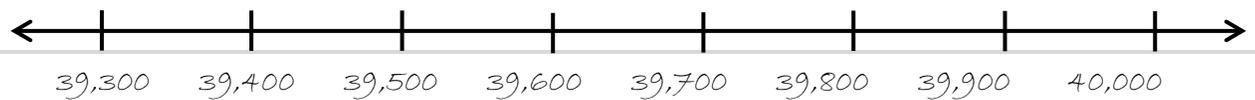
8) 5

3) 65

6) -45

9) 74

Next, let's use a number line to determine how to round a number to the nearest hundred. In this case, we require a number line that is labeled with only hundreds.



**Example 2:** Use the number line above to round 39,455 to the nearest hundred.

The number 39,455 is between \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ on the number line. Since 39,455 is closer to \_\_\_\_\_ than to \_\_\_\_\_, 39,455 rounded to the nearest hundred is \_\_\_\_\_.

## Objective 2 Learn how to Round Numbers

Sometimes we only want an approximation to a given quantity, or maybe we want to approximate a sum.

Suppose we want to approximate the sum  $485 + 337 + 196$ . If we rounded each number to the nearest hundred, we would have  $500 + 300 + 200 = 1,000$ .

The exact value of  $485 + 337 + 196$  is equal to 1,018 and our approximation of 1,000 is relatively close to the actual value.

The procedure for rounding positive whole numbers is summarized below.

### Rounding Positive Whole Numbers

First locate the digit that is one place to the right of the place value you want to round to.

If that digit is less than 5, replace it and all digits to the right with zeros.

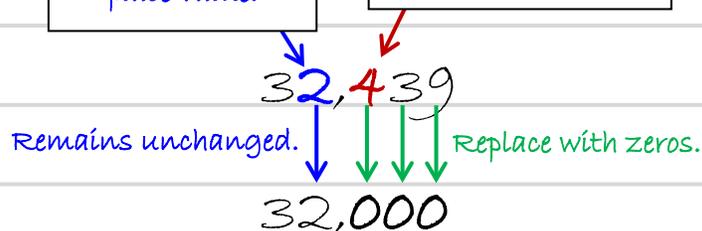
If the digit is greater than or equal to 5, replace it and all digits to the right with zeros and add 1 to the digit to its left.

**Example 3:** Round the following numbers to the nearest one-thousand.

a) 32,439

The 2 is in the one-thousands place value.

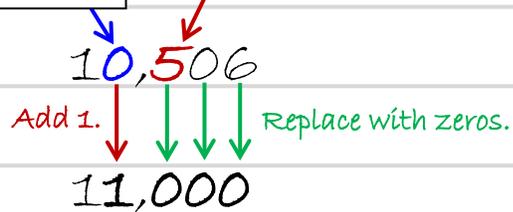
The digit to the right is less than 5.



b) 10,506

The 0 is in the one-thousands place value.

The digit to the right is greater than or equal to 5.

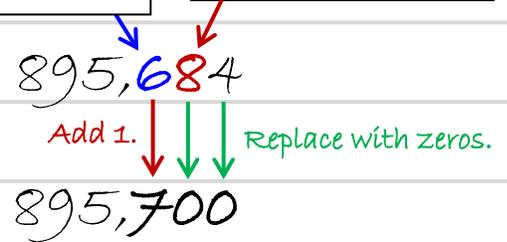


**Example 4:** Round the following numbers to the nearest hundred.

a) 895,684

The 6 is in the hundreds place value.

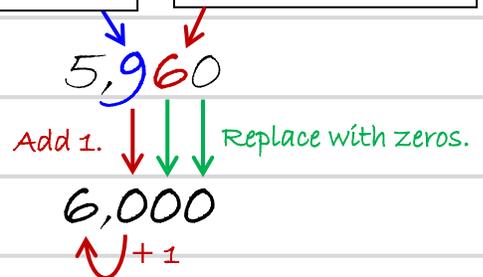
The digit to the right is greater than or equal to 5.



b) 5,960

The 9 is in the hundreds place value.

The digit to the right is greater than or equal to 5.



Note: Adding a 1 to the 9 requires that we carry over a 1 to the one-thousands place value.

Answer the following homework questions.

In Exercises 10 - 15, round each number to the nearest ten-thousand.

10) 381,520

12) 4,605,267

14) 8,742,097,404

11) 100,095

13) 50,909,613

15) 6,058,355,000

In Exercises 16 - 21, round each number to the nearest ten.

16) 76

18) 187

20) 5,999

17) 5

19) 395

21) 13,999

In Exercises 22 - 25, first find the sum. Next, estimate the sum by first rounding each number to the nearest hundred. Compare your results.

$$\begin{array}{r} 22) \quad 376 \\ \quad 104 \\ \hline + 285 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23) \quad 945 \\ \quad 363 \\ \hline + 807 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24) \quad 154 \\ \quad 26 \\ \hline + 12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25) \quad 6,952 \\ \quad 7,805 \\ \hline + 5,481 \end{array}$$