

**Section 6.3: Solving Trigonometric Equations II****I. Equations with Half Angles**

**Example 1:** Solve  $2\cos\frac{x}{2} - \sqrt{2} = 0$

- a) over the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$
- b) for all solutions.

**Practice:** Solve the equation  $2\sqrt{3}\sin\frac{x}{2} = 3$ :

- a) over the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$
- b) for all solutions.

**II. Equations with Multiple Angles**

**Example 2:** Solve the equation  $\cos 2x = \sin x$  over the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$ .

**Practice:** Solve  $\sin x = \sin 2x$  over the interval  $[0, 360^\circ)$ .

**Example 3:** Solve  $2\cos^2 x - 2\sin^2 x + 1 = 0$

- a) over the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$ .
- b) for all solutions.

- **Note:** Be aware that an expression of the form  $y = \sin ax$  or  $y = \cos ax$  could have as many as  $2a$  solutions in the principal intervals of  $[0, 2\pi)$  and  $[0, 360^\circ)$ . *Wow, that's a lot of solutions!*

**Practice:** Solve the equation  $\cot 2x - \csc 2x = 1$  over the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$ .